17:Antropova E-4 (no date) 1964 RY4 Koryak RY4

Preparation of seines. Korfa Motor-Fishing Station.

Motorized transport (cutters, etc.) is widely used in summertime. In winter, dog and reindeer transportation are still important.

The general rise in the material well-being of the collective-farm Koryaks has been reflected in increased consumption of bought food products and other commodities. In the present Koryak diet important places are held by such food products as flour, cereals, sugar and other commodities bought in the local store. In recent years, bought urban-type clothing has become increasingly widespread, but side by side with it the Koryaks retain their national dress, especially their winter dress, which is well adapted to the severe climate of the okrug.

Cultural construction, launched after the organization of the okrug, has achieved marked results. Before the Revolution, the Koryaks were illiterate. In the two parochial schools which existed in the area in 1916 there were only 13 Koryak children. Wide school construction began from the very first years of the Soviet regime. In 1925, schools were opened in a number of villages. The school in the village of Tilichiki was reorganised into a boarding school for children of the nomads.

Before World War II, there were 30 Koryak schools in the okrug; in 1951 there were already 97 primary, seven-year and secondary schools (27 of these were boarding schools).

The personnel for the national schools is trained in the pedagogic school in the village of Tigil'. In the course of its existence, the school has trained more than 100 teachers, including Koryaks. Young Koryak students receive advanced teachers' training in Khabarovsk. A number of graduates of the Khabarovsk Pedagogical Institute work in the schools of the Koryak National Okrug. Among the students of the Department of the Peoples of the Far North at the Herzen Pedagogical Institute in Leningrad there are Koryak students who specialize in the languages, history and economics of the northern peoples.